SPECIAL PROVISION

PROJECT

SECTION 02765S

PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Furnish Acrylic Water Based pavement marking paint meeting Federal Specification TTP-1952 D and refer to 2.2 for resin requirement.
- B. Apply to hot mix asphalt or Portland cement as edge lines, center lines, broken lines, guide lines, contrast lines, symbols and other related markings.
- C. Remove pavement markings.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. AASHTO M 247: Glass Beads Used in Traffic Paint.
- B. ASTM D 562: Consistency of Paints Measuring Krebs Unit (KU) Viscosity Using the Stormer-Type Viscometer.
- C. ASTM E 1347: Color and Color-Difference Measurement by Tristimulus Colorimetry.
- D. ASTM D 2205: Selection of Tests for Traffic Paints.
- E. ASTM D 2743: Uniformity of Traffic Paint Vehicle Solids by Spectroscopy and Gas Chromatography.
- F. ASTM D 2805: Hiding Power of Paints by Reflectometry.
- G. ASTM D 3723: Pigment Content of Water-Emulsion Paints.
- H. ASTM D 3960: Determining Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content of Paints and Related Coatings.

Pavement Marking Paint 02765S - Page 1 of 7

- I. ASTM D 4451: Pigment Content of Paints.
- J. ASTM D 5381: X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Spectroscopy of Pigments and Extenders.
- K. Federal Standards 595B, 37875, 33538,11105 and TTP-1952 D.

1.3 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Provide fixtures (ball valves, gate valves or other) on paint truck for the purposes of obtaining field samples.
- B. Agitate the paint to allow for thorough mixing. Follow paint manufacturer's recommendation for agitation and mixing times.
- C. Stop all agitation before sample is drawn.
- D. All meters on the paint truck must be calibrated annually and certified for application rate verification. Calibration tolerances for meters must be +/- 0.5 pounds per gallon. Keep a clean, legible copy of calibration report with the paint truck. Certifications performed by company personnel, meter calibration companies or UDOT Equipment Certification Unit.

E. UDOT ENGINEER:

- 1. Visually inspects each line to verify bead adhesion and compliance with specified line dimensions requirements.
- 2. Verifies that the paint and beads are being applied within specified tolerances a minimum of once each production day.
- 3. Verifies quantities used by either method:
 - a. Measuring both paint and bead tanks prior to and after application.
 - b. Witnessing the meter readings prior to and after application.
- 4. Randomly sample each color of pavement marking paint used, minimum of one sample each per project.
 - a. Use a clean one pint metal paint can.
 - b. Sample paint immediately after the paint has been completely agitated. (Stop all agitation before drawing the sample)
 - c. Allow a minimum of 10 gallons to be applied prior to taking sample.
 - d. Fill the sample container to within ½ inch of full.
 - e. Seal the containers immediately by tightly attaching the container's lid.
 - f. Submit paint samples to Central Chemistry Lab for acceptance.
 - g. For each sample include:
 - Project Number
 - Project Name
 - Paint Manufacturer

Pavement Marking Paint 02765S - Page 2 of 7

- Batch Number
- Striping Company
- Color of Paint
- Est. Quantity
- Date Sampled
- Sampler's name
- F. Repaint any line or symbol failing to meet bead adherence and dimensional requirements.
- G. Price Reductions for Pavement Markings installed below the specified wet mil thickness are outlined in Table I.
- H. Contractor will repaint pavement markings that fail to meet the quantitative requirements of Article 2.2 Paint, at no cost to the Department.

Table I - Price Reduction for Wet Mil Thickness			
	Pay Factor		
At the specified mil thickness	1.00		
1-10 percent below the Specified wet mil thickness	0.75		
11-15 percent below the Specified wet mil thickness	0.50		
More than 15 percent below the Specified wet mil thickness	Repaint Pavement Markings		

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Manufacturers

A. Select an acrylic water based pavement marking paint manufacturer from the Accepted Products Listing (APL) maintained by the UDOT Research Division.

2.2 Paint

A. Follow Federal Standards 595B, 37875, 33538, and 11105. Meet the following quantitative requirements for Acrylic Water Based Paint listed in Table II:

Table II - Quantitative Requirements				
Property	White	Yellow (lead free)	Black	Test
Pigment: Percent by weight	62.0 +/-	62.0 +/-	62.0 +/-	ASTM D 3723
Total Solids: Percent by weight, minimum	77.0	77.0	77.0	ASTM D 2205
Nonvolatile vehicle: Percent by weight vehicle, minimum*	40.0	40.0	40.0	ASTM D 2205
Viscosity, KU @ 77 degrees F	80 - 95	80 - 95	80 - 95	ASTM D 562
Volatile Organic Content(VOC): lbs/gal, maximum	1.25	1.25	1.25	ASTM D 3960
Directional Reflectance: Minimum	92.0	50.0	N/A	ASTM E 1347
Dry Opacity: Minimum (5 mils wet)	0.95	0.95	N/A	ASTM D 2805

^{*} The binder shall be 100 percent acrylic, a minimum of 40 percent, by weight, as determined by infrared analysis and other chemical analysis available to UDOT (ASTM D 2205). Consisting of either Rohm and Haas Fastrack HD- 21A or Dow DT-400NA.

B. Additional requirements:

- 1. Free of lead, chromium, or other related heavy metals ASTM D 5381.
- 2. ASTM D 2743, ASTM D 4451 and ASTM D 5381: Tests used to verify paint samples meet "Accepted Products Listing."

2.3 GLASS SPHERE (BEADS) USED IN PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT

- A. Specific Properties: Meet AASHTO M 247.
 - 1. Gradation:

Passing a No. 14 sieve, percent
Passing a No. 16 sieve, percent
Passing a No. 18 sieve, percent
Passing a No. 20 sieve, percent
Passing a No. 25 sieve, percent

0 - 5
Passing a No. 25 sieve, percent
0 - 2

- 2. Beads having a Silane adhesion coating.
- 3. Roundness The glass beads will have a minimum of 80 percent true spheres.
- B. Beads used in Temporary Pavement Markings meet AASHTO M247 Type II uniform gradation.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Line Control.
 - 1. Establish control points at 100 ft intervals on tangent and at 50 ft intervals on curves
 - 2. Maintain the line within 2 inches of the established control points and mark the roadway between control points as needed.
 - a. Remove paint that is not placed within tolerance of the established control points and replace at no expense to the Department. Refer to article 3.4.
 - b. Maintain the line dimension within 10 percent of the width and length dimensions defined in Standard Drawings ST1 ST8.
- B. Remove dirt, loose aggregate and other foreign material and follow manufacturer's recommendations for surface preparation.

3.2 APPLICATION

A. Apply Pavement marking paint at the following Wet mil thickness requirements. 1. 20-25 wet mils for all markings.

Example Calculation: (Verify wet mil thickness)

Wet Mils =
$$(0.133681 \text{ ft}^3/\text{gal})$$
 * 12000 mil/ft
(X ft/gal)(Z ft)

Where,

X = application rate. (Meter readings or dipping tanks).

Z = line width measured in feet.

12000 = conversion from ft to mil

0.133681 = conversion from gallons to cubic feet.

For information only: Approximate application rate for required mil thickness requirements.

- 1. 4 inch Solid Line: From 190 to 240 ft/gal
- 2. 4 inch Broken Line: From 760 to 960 ft/gal
- 3. 8 inch Solid Line: From 95 to 120 ft/gal
- B. Refer to Table I for pavement markings that are less than 20 wet mils in thickness.
- C. No additional payment for pavement markings placed in excess of 25 wet mils in thickness or exceeding dimensional requirements outlined in Article 3.1 paragraph A.
- D. Painted Legends and Symbols 1 gallon per 80 square feet. Provide Engineer calculations of legends and symbols for pay determination.
- E. Glass Sphere (Beads): Apply a minimum of 8 lbs/gal of paint, the full length and width of line and pavement markings.
 - 1. Do not apply glass beads to contrast lines (black paint).
- F. Begin striping operations no later than 24 hours after ordered by the Engineer.
- G. At time of application apply lines and pavement markings only when the air and pavement temperature are:
 - 1. 50 degrees F and rising for Acrylic Water Based Paint.
- H. Comply with Traffic Control Drawing TC-16

3.3 CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Application Rate: Verify that the paint and beads are being applied within specified tolerances prior to striping.
- B. Curing: Protect the markings until dry or cured. In the event that the uncured marking is damaged the marking will be reapplied and track marks left on the pavement will be removed at no additional cost to the Department.

3.4 REMOVE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Use one of these removal methods:
 - 1. Grinding
 - 2. High pressure water spray
 - 3. Sand blasting
 - 4. Shot blasting.
- B. Do not eliminate or obscure existing striping, in lieu of removal, by covering with black paint or any other covering material.
- C. Use equipment specifically designed for removal of pavement marking material.

END OF SECTION